

Weekly Fire Danger Assessment NCFS - Region TWO

For Time Period:

Friday (4/21/23) to Thursday (4/27/23)

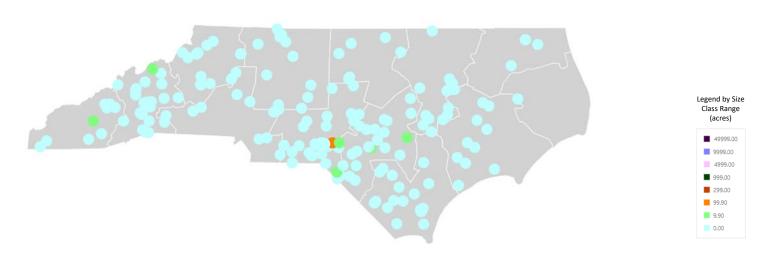
Past 7-Days Signal 14 Activity

	NCFS - Region 2							
	Previous 7-Day Fire Activity (Does Not Include Federal Ownerships)							
Data Source:	Signal 14 Regional Activity Summary Report (Signal 14 is a snapshot in time)							
Date Range:	4/13 - 4/19, 2023							
	Туре	Number		Acres				
Wildfires:			Umarrailable at times a	f Danast Duanastias				
Prescribed Fires	(State & Private Lands):		Unavailable at time o	or Report Preparation				

fiResponse Incident Location Map (for general context)

Date Range: 4/13 – 4/19, 2023

Report: Business Intelligence Module, Response Trends Map



Current and Forecasted Fire Danger Conditions by FDRA



Regional Comments for this Week – R2

- Green-up nearly complete except NW portion of D-10
- Normal fire season activity noted
- Dead fuel moistures have decreased considerably since last wetting rain event
- Fire behavior is generally being suppressed by green-up but is still burning hot in the right fire environment combination.

From Today's SACC Daily Outlook Discussion

- For Saturday A strong cold front will bring numerous thunderstorms to the Appalachians and portions of the east Saturday, but the East Coast will remain in the warm, dry and windy pre-frontal environment most of the day.
- Post-frontal drying will be rapid for areas in the Southeast and Appalachians, with gusty winds likely, as well; any areas that do not observe wetting rain would be at higher risk.
- The front will bring another round of significant drying (10-hr fuels) to the eastern geographic area by early next week, but this round will be shorter in duration than what occurred this week.
- 100-hour fuels will be critically dry throughout much of the Southeast today, with the driest conditions across the Appalachians into the Mid-Mississippi Valley.
- Most of the East Coast will also see at least one round of wetting rain, with local 1-2" totals over the next week across the Appalachians, Carolinas and VA

Today's (4/20/23) WIMS Observations and NFDRS Estimates

Averaged by FDRA SIG Group

- This is available on the FWIP at: https://products.climate.ncsu.edu/fwip/nfdrs.php?data=ob&state=NC
- The averaged values are derived from the SIG Station Outputs for a particular FDRA (SIG station names shown in bold on the live link above)
- You can toggle the percentiles on/off, displaying below the actual calculated values these percentiles are based on analysis of "All Days" for entire calendar year range through 2021 for these stations

	Averages by FDRA																	
FDRA	STATION_COUNT	NFDR_DATE	BI	ERC	IC	SC	KBDI	1HR	10HR	100HR	1000HR	HRB	WOODY	TEMP	RH	WIND	PRECIP	DUR
Southern Highlands	3	2023-04-20	117.93 92.7%	59.80 98.3%	25.00 99.8%	50.30 85.6%	78.67	7.29 0.4%	11.33 1.4%	15.83 6.7%	23.06 87.0%	110.17	103.67	78.0°F	21.3%	SW 6.0 mph	0.00 in.	0.0
Central Mountains	3	2023-04-20	72.57 75.5%	37.73 81.0%	12.73 93.8%	27.20 70.5%	85.67	9.50 14.2%	16.08 31.2%	16.33 8.1%	22.10 83.1%	164.53	141.67	80.0°F	24.0%	S 4.7 mph	0.00 in.	0.0
Northern Highlands	2	2023-04-20	98.25 83.3%	41.15 84.3%	18.15 97.4%	48.85 82.9%	55.50	8.93 5.0%	14.26 15.6%	16.07 10.4%	21.55 80.1%	157.15	145.00	75.0°F	29.0%	ESE 7.5 mph	0.00 in.	0.0
Blue Ridge Escarpment	3	2023-04-20	108.57 84.9%	58.33 94.3%	23.33 98.0%	43.17 77.0%	117.00	7.33 2.5%	11.35 5.2%	13.49 0.9%	17.08 9.3%	136.07	122.67	84.0°F	22.0%	SW 5.7 mph	0.00 in.	0.0
Western Piedmont	3	2023-04-20	87.37 75.4%	48.67 81.9%	14.43 88.8%	31.93 72.6%	107.00	9.33 16.3%	16.80 58.2%	16.91 33.5%	22.18 87.4%	91.43	91.33	85.3°F	28.3%	SW 6.0 mph	0.00 in.	0.0
Sandhills	3	2023-04-20	58.33 95.0%	53.60 79.6%	19.63 92.1%	14.70 98.5%	125.67	7.73 9.6%	12.27 9.1%	14.95 6.8%	21.65 86.8%	118.27	115.33	86.7°F	25.7%	W 6.3 mph	0.00 in.	0.0
Eastern Piedmont	4	2023-04-20	81.90 48.4%	41.93 52.9%	13.90 82.6%	31.45 46.6%	91.00	9.63 24.4%	14.87 33.2%	15.90 11.4%	21.74 89.0%	130.58	123.50	83.3°F	33.0%	W 6.8 mph	0.00 in.	0.0
Southern Coastal	7	2023-04-20	52.63 44.3%	39.67 62.1%	11.66 85.0%	12.83 33.0%	188.57	8.19 4.1%	16.44 38.7%	17.36 14.3%	22.54 88.7%	227.86	172.86	88.0°F	25.9%	SW 3.3 mph	0.00 in.	0.0
Northern Coastal	4	2023-04-20	58.53 42.8%	44.05 69.1%	11.05 78.1%	14.53 30.2%	263.00	8.88 11.2%	16.43 46.2%	16.83 21.9%	21.97 81.5%	129.43	138.75	88.8°F	26.5%	WSW 4.8 mph	0.00 in.	0.0

BI/ERC/IC/SC Percentiles (%) 0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90

Fuel Moisture Percentiles (%) 0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90

Important notes for next slide group:

A. Current ERC, KBDI, 100-Hr & 1000-Hr Graphics:

These are extracts from FF+ using weekly observation data downloaded from WIMS.

B. Weekly Outlook - FDRA General Fire Danger Forecast Matrix:

- Available on the FWIP within the "Resources for NCFS" page.
- The operation link is: https://products.climate.ncsu.edu/fwip/outlook.php
- The matrix updates daily please review the tool notes below for more details.

Tool Summary:

The forecast matrix was created using standard NFDRS and weather forecast data:

- Weather conditions and NFDRS outputs are forecasted over the next 7 days by NWS for SIG stations in each FDRA.
- Weather variable ranges and breakpoints were defined by FDRA stakeholders and relate to Pocket Card notes.
- Maximum temperatures in the Critical range are color-coded with shades of red to help visually distinguish daily variations. The brightest red color corresponds to temperatures of 100°F or greater.

Fire danger forecast indices and component values are grouped into three categories based on historical percentiles, assessed using the FF+ All Days filter through 2021:

- Low to Moderate (0 to 74th percentile); shown in blue-green
- High (75th to 89th percentile); shown in yellow
- Very High to Extreme (90th+ percentile); shown in red and labeled as Critical

Dead fuel moisture forecast values are grouped into three categories based on historical percentiles, assessed using the FF+ All Days filter through 2021:

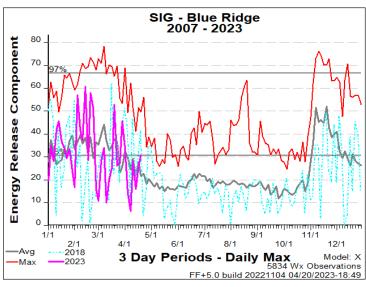
- Low to Moderate (26th to 100th percentile); shown in blue-green
- High (11th to 25th percentile); shown in yellow
- Very High to Extreme (0 to 10th percentile); shown in red and labeled as Critical

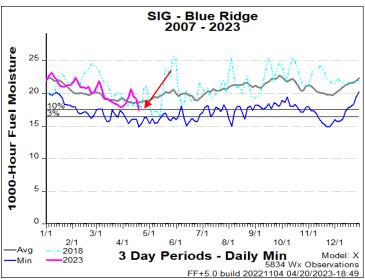
Other Notes:

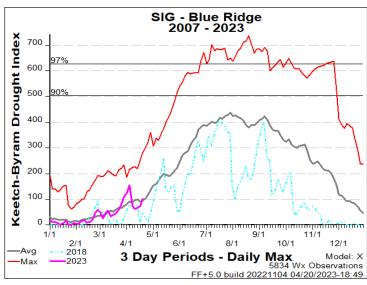
- Read the key and notes for each FDRA, included on the outlook matrix page.
- Forecasts are variable and can change significantly over a forecast cycle and across the landscape.
- This is another tool for gaining better situational awareness, and should be used for general planning purposes only.
- The outlook matrix is refreshed when an FDRA is selected, using the most recent forecast data available at that time. The 7th day may
 drop off or display partial data prior to the afternoon/evening forecast update.
- Daily updates to NFDRS forecasts occur around 1530 daily, while general weather forecasts are updated around 1730 daily.

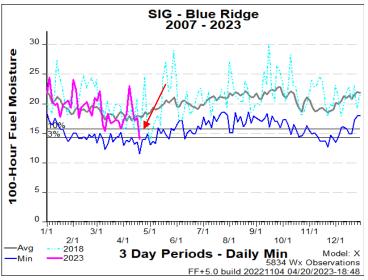
Region Specific – Blue Ridge Escarpment











Weekly Outlook

Blue Ridge Escarpment FDRA - General Fire Danger Forecast

For planning purposes only; forecast is subject to change

Four or more **RED** blocks in a day signals the potential for a **Critical Fire Day**

DAY	FRI 21-Apr	SAT 22-Apr	SUN 23-Apr	MON 24-Apr	TUE 25-Apr	WED 26-Apr	THU 27-Apr
Avg. Max. Temp. (°F)	77	64	62	63	63	54	59
Avg. Min. Humidity (%)	32	40	28	25	31	57	52
Avg. 20' Wind Speed (mph)	8	12	12	9	7	7	9
Avg. Wind Direction*	SSW	WSW	WNW	NW	SSW	ENE	ENE
Avg. Probability of Precip. (%)	61	81	2	3	30	49	50
Days Since a Wetting Rain**	7.0	0.0	1.0				
Forecast ERC (Fuel Model X)	48.2	31.8	40.8	44.9	47.4	37.5	26.9
Forecast BI (Fuel Model X)	122.4	91.4	119.5	99.4	101.3	89.4	69.5
Forecast IC (Fuel Model X)	19.1	8.9	14.5	12.6	13.3	8.6	4.9
Forecast 100-Hr. FMC	13.1	19.0	18.7	17.2	16.0	15.4	15.7
Forecast 1000-Hr. FMC	16.4	16.5	16.5	16.6	16.5	16.5	16.4
KBDI	117.0						

Data Source:

- Weather forecasts come from the National Weather Service's <u>Digital Forecast Database</u>. The wind speed and direction, and probability of precipitation, are calculated as averages of the 1 am, 7 am, 1 pm, and 7 pm forecasts. The 20-foot wind speed is estimated from the 10-meter forecast using the log wind profile method.
- Days since a wetting rain is calculated using a combination of historical data (to determine the most recent
 wetting rain event) and forecasted precipitation amounts. These forecasted amounts are only available for the
 first three days of the forecast period.
- Fire danger forecasts for the next 7 days are issued by National Weather Service through WIMS. KBDI is only
 available on the first forecast day since the <u>NFDRS Forecast</u> product does not include precipitation amounts,
 which are used to adjust KBDI from day to day

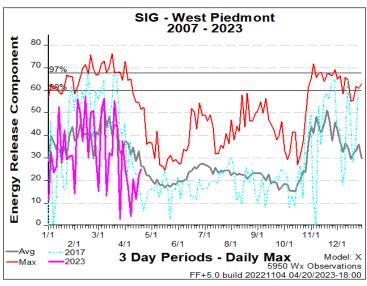
Values in the table above are averages from 3 stations in this FDRA:

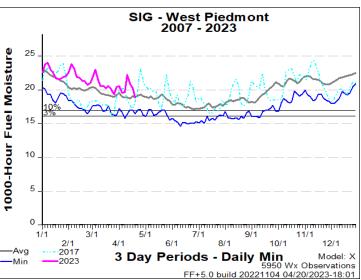
- Rendezvous Mtn. (312001)
- North Cove Pinnacle (fr1) (314301)
- Rutherford County (316302)

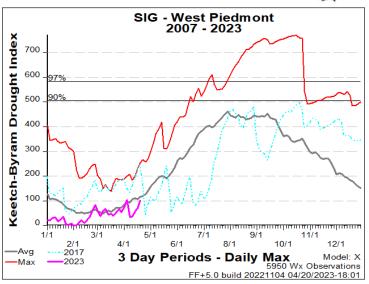
KEY	Low to Moderate Burning Conditions	Burning Conditions Can be High CAUTION	Burning Conditions Can be Critical WATCH OUT!
Avg. Max. Temp.	Less than 40°F	Between 40°F and 50°F	Greater than 50°F
Avg. Min. Humidity	Greater than 35%	Between 30% and 35%	Less than 30%
Avg. 20' Wind Speed	Less than 2 mph	Between 2 mph and 4 mph	Greater than 4 mph
Avg. Wind Direction*	Criticality of wind direc	tion is highly dependent on burn ope	rations and/or structures threatene
Days Since a Wetting Rain**	A wetting rain is define	ed as 0.10" or greater. This is an avera	ge of the FDRA stations noted above
Energy Release Comp.	Less than 52	Between 52 and 62	Greater than 62
Burning Index	Less than 116	Between 116 and 136	Greater than 136
gnition Component	Less than 14	Between 14 and 20	Greater than 20
100-Hour Fuel Moisture	Greater than 18%	Between 16% and 18%	Less than 16%
1000-Hour Fuel Moisture	Greater than 19%	Between 18% and 19%	Less than 18%
KBDI	Less than 351	Between 351 and 508	Greater than 508

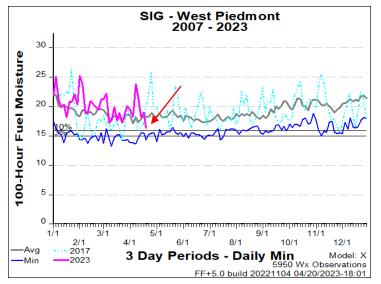
Region Specific – Western Piedmont











Weekly Outlook

Western Piedmont FDRA - General Fire Danger Forecast

For planning purposes only; forecast is subject to change

Four or more **RED** blocks in a day signals the potential for a **Critical Fire Day**

DAY	FRI 21-Apr	SAT 22-Apr	SUN 23-Apr	MON 24-Apr	TUE 25-Apr	WED 26-Apr	THU 27-Apr
Avg. Max. Temp. (°F)	85	72	68	67	67	60	63
Avg. Min. Humidity (%)	30	51	31	28	32	57	56
Avg. 20' Wind Speed (mph)	7	11	8	8	7	8	12
Avg. Wind Direction*	SSW	SW	WNW	WNW	SE	ENE	NE
Avg. Probability of Precip. (%)	21	83	2	2	25	48	39
Days Since a Wetting Rain**	9.0	0.0	1.0				
Forecast ERC (Fuel Model X)	50.1	39.4	42.6	51.1	52.7	42.4	29.6
Forecast BI (Fuel Model X)	109.4	119.6	114.3	118.8	114.3	106.9	100.2
Forecast IC (Fuel Model X)	16.5	11.8	12.0	14.3	13.8	9.7	6.5
Forecast 100-Hr. FMC	16.2	16.8	17.7	17.4	16.7	16.3	16.4
Forecast 1000-Hr. FMC	21.9	21.4	21.2	21.0	20.8	20.6	20.4
KBDI	107.0						

Data Source:

- Weather forecasts come from the National Weather Service's <u>Digital Forecast Database</u>. The wind speed and direction, and probability of precipitation, are calculated as averages of the 1 am, 7 am, 1 pm, and 7 pm forecasts. The 20-foot wind speed is estimated from the 10-meter forecast using the log wind profile method.
- Days since a wetting rain is calculated using a combination of historical data (to determine the most recent
 wetting rain event) and forecasted precipitation amounts. These forecasted amounts are only available for the
 first three days of the forecast period.
- Fire danger forecasts for the next 7 days are issued by National Weather Service through WIMS. KBDI is only
 available on the first forecast day since the NFDRS Forecast product does not include precipitation amounts,
 which are used to adjust KBDI from day to day

Values in the table above are averages from 3 stations in this FDRA:

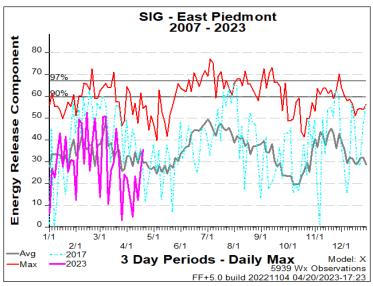
- Duke Forest (312501)
- Lexington (314602)
- Mt. Island Lake (316602)

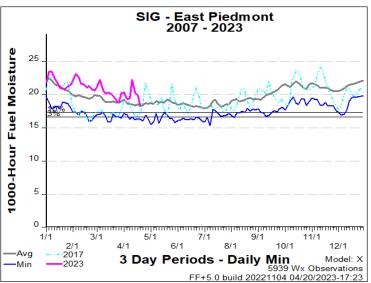
KEY	Low to Moderate Burning Conditions	Burning Conditions Can be High CAUTION	Burning Conditions Can be Critical WATCH OUT!
Avg. Max. Temp.	Less than 40°F	Between 40°F and 50°F	Greater than 50°F
Avg. Min. Humidity	Greater than 35%	Between 30% and 35%	Less than 30%
Avg. 20' Wind Speed	Less than 2 mph	Between 2 mph and 4 mph	Greater than 4 mph
Avg. Wind Direction*	Criticality of wind dire	ection is highly dependent on burn ope	erations and/or structures threatened.
Days Since a Wetting Rain**	A wetting rain is defin	ed as 0.10" or greater. This is an avera	ge of the FDRA stations noted above.
Energy Release Comp.	Less than 40	Between 40 and 52	Greater than 52
Burning Index	Less than 95	Between 95 and 120	Greater than 120
Ignition Component	Less than 9	Between 9 and 14	Greater than 14
100-Hour Fuel Moisture	Greater than 18%	Between 17% and 18%	Less than 17%
1000-Hour Fuel Moisture	Greater than 19%	Between 18% and 19%	Less than 18%
KBDI	Less than 344	Between 344 and 479	Greater than 479

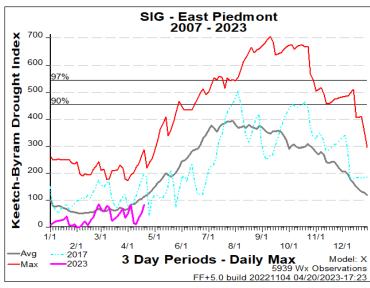
Other factors to consider when determining fire danger: sky conditions, precipitation amount, number of days since rain, and season

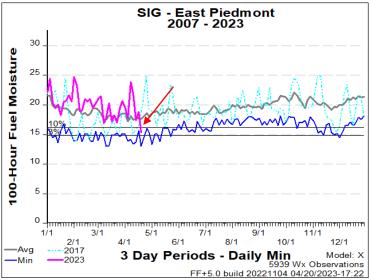
Region Specific – Eastern Piedmont











Weekly Outlook

Eastern Piedmont FDRA - General Fire Danger Forecast

For planning purposes only; forecast is subject to change

Four or more **RED** blocks in a day signals the potential for a **Critical Fire Day**

DAY	FRI 21-Apr	SAT 22-Apr	SUN 23-Apr	MON 24-Apr	TUE 25-Apr	WED 26-Apr	THU 27-Apr
Avg. Max. Temp. (°F)	86	75	68	66	67	63	64
Avg. Min. Humidity (%)	30	62	34	30	33	52	57
Avg. 20' Wind Speed (mph)	7	11	8	8	6	7	12
Avg. Wind Direction*	SSW	SSW	WNW	NW	SSW	ENE	NE
Avg. Probability of Precip. (%)	5	87	5	1	16	45	39
Days Since a Wetting Rain**	1.0	0.0	1.0				
Forecast ERC (Fuel Model X)	43.3	34.0	28.4	42.0	41.3	34.8	23.7
Forecast BI (Fuel Model X)	87.9	109.1	85.9	98.3	89.6	83.1	75.1
Forecast IC (Fuel Model X)	14.8	13.0	9.1	12.0	10.7	8.4	5.9
Forecast 100-Hr. FMC	15.3	15.2	18.4	19.2	18.1	17.3	17.2
Forecast 1000-Hr. FMC	21.3	20.9	20.6	20.4	20.3	20.2	20.1
KBDI	91.0						

Data Source:

- Weather forecasts come from the National Weather Service's <u>Digital Forecast Database</u>. The wind speed and direction, and probability of precipitation, are calculated as averages of the 1 am, 7 am, 1 pm, and 7 pm forecasts. The 20-foot wind speed is estimated from the 10-meter forecast using the log wind profile method.
- Days since a wetting rain is calculated using a combination of historical data (to determine the most recent
 wetting rain event) and forecasted precipitation amounts. These forecasted amounts are only available for the
 first three days of the forecast period.
- Fire danger forecasts for the next 7 days are issued by National Weather Service through WIMS. KBDI is only available on the first forecast day since the <u>NFDRS Forecast</u> product does not include precipitation amounts, which are used to adjust KBDI from day to day

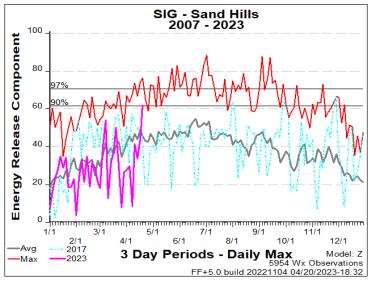
Values in the table above are averages from 4 stations in this FDRA:

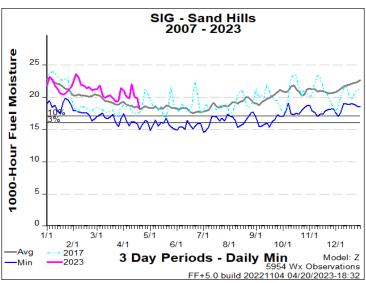
- Oxford Tobacco Research Stn (310841)
- Upper Coastal Plain Res Stn (312940)
- Lake Wheeler Rd Field Lab (314941)
- Central Crops Research Station (317441)

KEY	Low to Moderate Burning Conditions	Burning Conditions Can be High CAUTION	Burning Conditions Can be Critical WATCH OUT!
Avg. Max. Temp.	Less than 50°F	Between 50°F and 60°F	Greater than 60°F
Avg. Min. Humidity	Greater than 40%	Between 35% and 40%	Less than 35%
Avg. 20' Wind Speed	Less than 10 mph	Between 10 mph and 15 mph	Greater than 15 mph
Avg. Wind Direction*	Criticality of wind dire	ction is highly dependent on burn ope	rations and/or structures threatened.
Days Since a Wetting Rain**	A wetting rain is defin	ed as 0.10" or greater. This is an avera	ge of the FDRA stations noted above.
Energy Release Comp.	Less than 54.2	Between 54.2 and 61.7	Greater than 61.7
Burning Index	Less than 109.3	Between 109.3 and 130.5	Greater than 130.5
Ignition Component	Less than 12.7	Between 12.7 and 16.8	Greater than 16.8
100-Hour Fuel Moisture	Greater than 17.6%	Between 16.4% and 17.6%	Less than 16.4%
1000-Hour Fuel Moisture	Greater than 18.3%	Between 17.5% and 18.3%	Less than 17.5%
KBDI	Less than 337	Between 337 and 460	Greater than 460

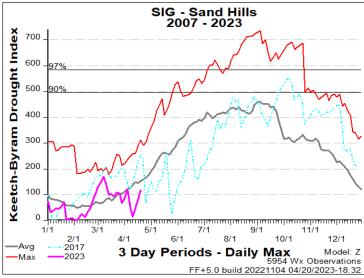
Other factors to consider when determining fire danger: sky conditions, precipitation amount, number of days since rain, and season

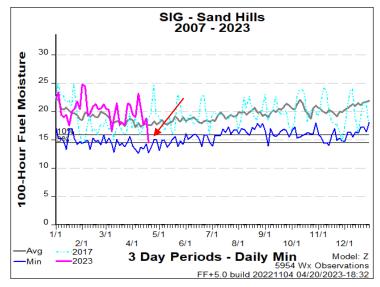
Region Specific – Sandhills











Weekly Outlook

Sandhills FDRA - General Fire Danger Forecast

For planning purposes only; forecast is subject to change

Four or more **RED** blocks in a day signals the potential for a **Critical Fire Day**

DAY	FRI 21-Apr	SAT 22-Apr	SUN 23-Apr	MON 24-Apr	TUE 25-Apr	WED 26-Apr	THU 27-Apr
Avg. Max. Temp. (°F)	86	76	72	69	69	64	64
Avg. Min. Humidity (%)	27	55	29	26	28	49	53
Avg. 20' Wind Speed (mph)	7	10	8	8	6	8	13
Avg. Wind Direction*	SSW	SSW	NW	SW	ENE	ENE	NE
Avg. Probability of Precip. (%)	8	82	2	2	25	49	32
Days Since a Wetting Rain**	6.7	0.0	1.0				
Forecast ERC (Fuel Model Z)	49.1	40.0	34.6	47.8	50.0	44.8	35.6
Forecast BI (Fuel Model Z)	47.0	53.1	43.1	49.1	46.9	48.2	50.0
Forecast IC (Fuel Model Z)	16.5	13.1	10.3	14.8	13.0	10.5	7.2
Forecast 100-Hr. FMC	14.4	15.2	17.7	18.1	17.0	16.5	16.4
Forecast 1000-Hr. FMC	21.1	20.7	20.4	20.2	20.1	19.9	19.8
KBDI	125.7						

Data Source:

- Weather forecasts come from the National Weather Service's <u>Digital Forecast Database</u>. The wind speed and direction, and probability of precipitation, are calculated as averages of the 1 am, 7 am, 1 pm, and 7 pm forecasts. The 20-foot wind speed is estimated from the 10-meter forecast using the log wind profile method.
- Days since a wetting rain is calculated using a combination of historical data (to determine the most recent
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- Fire danger forecasts for the next 7 days are issued by National Weather Service through WIMS. KBDI is only
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Values in the table above are averages from 3 stations in this FDRA:

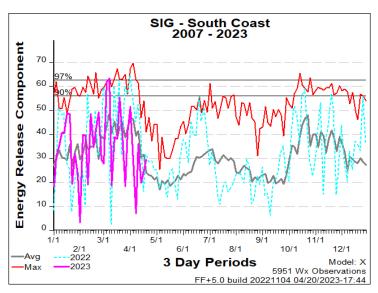
- Sandhills Research Station (317040)
- Rockingham (318202)
- Fort Bragg (318503)

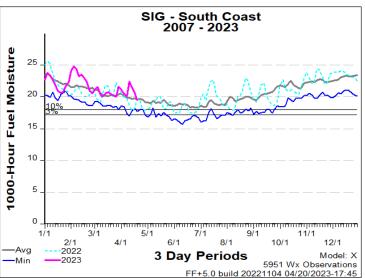
KEY	Low to Moderate Burning Conditions	Burning Conditions Can be High CAUTION	Burning Conditions Can be Critical WATCH OUT!
Avg. Max. Temp.	Less than 50°F	Between 50°F and 60°F	Greater than 60°F
Avg. Min. Humidity	Greater than 40%	Between 30% and 40%	Less than 30%
Avg. 20' Wind Speed	Less than 4 mph	Between 4 mph and 8 mph	Greater than 8 mph
Avg. Wind Direction*	Criticality of wind dire	ction is highly dependent on burn ope	erations and/or structures threatened.
Days Since a Wetting Rain**	A wetting rain is define	ed as 0.10" or greater. This is an avera	ge of the FDRA stations noted above.
Energy Release Comp.	Less than 52.4	Between 52.4 and 62	Greater than 62
Burning Index	Less than 45.6	Between 45.6 and 53.3	Greater than 53.3
Ignition Component	Less than 13.6	Between 13.6 and 18.8	Greater than 18.8
100-Hour Fuel Moisture	Greater than 17.4%	Between 16% and 17.4%	Less than 16%
1000-Hour Fuel Moisture	Greater than 18.2%	Between 17.2% and 18.2%	Less than 17.2%
KBDI	Less than 397	Between 397 and 500	Greater than 500

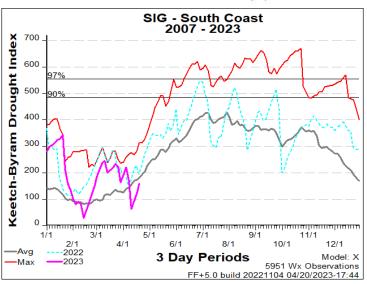
Other factors to consider when determining fire danger: sky conditions, precipitation amount, number of days since rain, and season

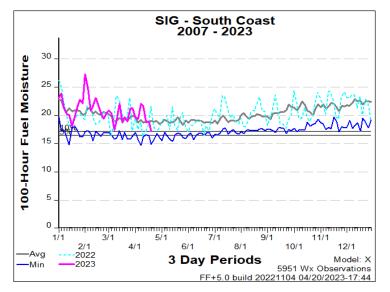
Region Specific – South Coast











Weekly Outlook

Southern Coastal FDRA - General Fire Danger Forecast

For planning purposes only; forecast is subject to change

Four or more **RED** blocks in a day signals the potential for a **Critical Fire Day**

DAY	FRI 21-Apr	SAT 22-Apr	SUN 23-Apr	MON 24-Apr	TUE 25-Apr	WED 26-Apr	THU 27-Apr
Avg. Max. Temp. (°F)	85	79	73	69	70	69	69
Avg. Min. Humidity (%)	34	62	36	33	34	47	53
Avg. 20' Wind Speed (mph)	5	9	6	6	4	6	11
Avg. Wind Direction*	SSW	S	WNW	W	ESE	Е	NE
Avg. Probability of Precip. (%)	14	87	4	2	18	46	34
Days Since a Wetting Rain**	7.6	0.0	1.0				
Forecast ERC (Fuel Model X)	31.4	25.5	21.9	31.1	29.6	24.9	20.9
Forecast BI (Fuel Model X)	50.2	66.4	37.6	45.1	38.5	41.3	47.1
Forecast IC (Fuel Model X)	8.4	8.9	4.6	6.0	5.0	4.8	4.7
Forecast 100-Hr. FMC	16.5	16.3	19.0	19.5	18.3	18.0	17.8
Forecast 1000-Hr. FMC	22.2	21.9	21.6	21.4	21.3	21.2	21.0
KBDI	188.6						

Data Source:

- Weather forecasts come from the National Weather Service's <u>Digital Forecast Database</u>. The wind speed and direction, and probability of precipitation, are calculated as averages of the 1 am, 7 am, 1 pm, and 7 pm forecasts. The 20-foot wind speed is estimated from the 10-meter forecast using the log wind profile method.
- Days since a wetting rain is calculated using a combination of historical data (to determine the most recent
 wetting rain event) and forecasted precipitation amounts. These forecasted amounts are only available for the
 first three days of the forecast period.
- Fire danger forecasts for the next 7 days are issued by National Weather Service through WIMS. KBDI is only
 available on the first forecast day since the <u>NFDRS Forecast</u> product does not include precipitation amounts,
 which are used to adjust KBDI from day to day

Values in the table above are averages from 7 stations in this FDRA:

- Finch's Station (317501)
- Beaufort (317801)
- New Bern (319004)
- Turnbull Creek (319302)
- Hofmann Forest (319507)
- Whiteville (319701)
- Sunny Point (319803)

KEY	Low to Moderate Burning Conditions	Burning Conditions Can be High CAUTION	Burning Conditions Can be Critical WATCH OUT!
Avg. Max. Temp.	Less than 50°F	Between 50°F and 65°F	Greater than 65°F
Avg. Min. Humidity	Greater than 40%	Between 35% and 40%	Less than 35%
Avg. 20' Wind Speed	Less than 5 mph	Between 5 mph and 10 mph	Greater than 10 mph
Avg. Wind Direction*	Criticality of wind dire	ction is highly dependent on burn ope	rations and/or structures threatened.
Days Since a Wetting Rain**	A wetting rain is define	ed as 0.10" or greater. This is an avera	ge of the FDRA stations noted above.
Energy Release Comp.	Less than 36.4	Between 36.4 and 47.2	Greater than 47.2
Burning Index	Less than 68.3	Between 68.3 and 89.5	Greater than 89.5
Ignition Component	Less than 7.9	Between 7.9 and 12	Greater than 12
100-Hour Fuel Moisture	Greater than 18.2%	Between 17.3% and 18.2%	Less than 17.3%
1000-Hour Fuel Moisture	Greater than 19%	Between 18% and 19%	Less than 18%
KBDI	Less than 385	Between 385 and 486	Greater than 486
Other factors to consider who	en determining fire dans	zer: sky conditions, precipitation ar	mount number of days since rain

Outlook Summary Table – R2

Summary Table by FDRA using count of colored blocks in a day's forecast.

Forecast Subject to Change

Key: 4+ Red Blocks on a Day = "Critical" Day Potential; Red Color

4+ Yellow or Combo of Yellow/Red = "High" Day Potential; Yellow Color

6+ Blue-Green Blocks = "Low to Mod" Potential Day; Blue-green Color

Date	Day of Week	FDRA Matrix Summary - NCFS Region 2				
		Blue Ridge Escarp	Western Piedmont	Eastern Piedmont	Sandhills	South Coast
21-Apr	Fri	Critical	Critical	High	High	High
22-Apr	Sat	Low/Mod	High	High	High	High
23-Apr	Sun	Critical	High	Low/Mod	Low/Mod	Low/Mod
24-Apr	Mon	Critical	Critical	Low/Mod	High	Low/Mod
25-Apr	Tues	High	Critical	Low/Mod	High	Low/Mod
26-Apr	Wed	Critical	High	Low/Mod	High	Low/Mod
27-Apr	Thurs	Critical	High	Low/Mod	High	Low/Mod

Weather Outlook Discussion

Raleigh NWS (Fire Weather Planning Forecast - PM):

National Weather Service Raleigh NC 353 PM EDT Thu Apr 20, 2023

.DISCUSSION...

High pressure across the Mid-Atlantic and Southeast States today will shift off the coast on Friday. A cold front will move across the Carolinas on Saturday and push off the coast on Sunday morning. High pressure will build into the region to start the work week.

.FORECAST FOR DAYS 3 THROUGH 7...

.SUNDAY...Mostly clear. Chance of showers and thunderstorms. Lows in the mid 40s. Highs in the upper 60s. Northwest winds 10 to 15 mph.

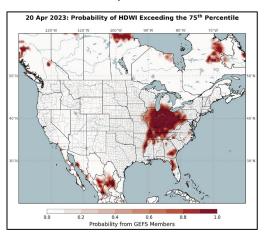
.MONDAY...Mostly clear. Lows in the lower 40s. Highs in the upper 60s. Northwest winds 5 to 10 mph.

.TUESDAY...Mostly clear. Lows in the lower 40s. Highs in the upper 60s. North winds 5 to 10 mph.

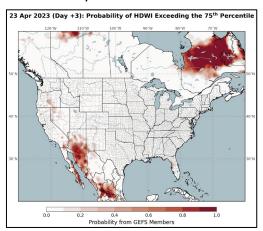
.WEDNESDAY THROUGH THURSDAY...Mostly cloudy with chance of rain. Lows in the upper 40s. Highs in the mid 60s. Northeast winds 10 to 15 mph.

Hot-Dry-Windy Index (HDW)

Thursday > 75th Percentile

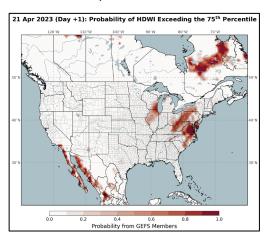


Sunday > 75th Percentile

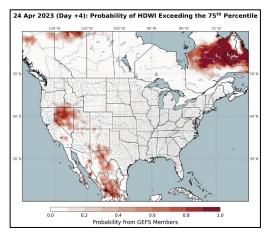


- Another visualization tool to pick up on broader weather, but with *limitations
- Only uses Max VPD (atmospheric moisture & temp) & Max Wind Speed to generate outputs
- Coarse Resolution 0.5 Degree Grid
- No Account of Local Fuel Conditions and Topo

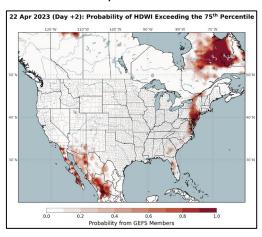
Friday > 75th Percentile



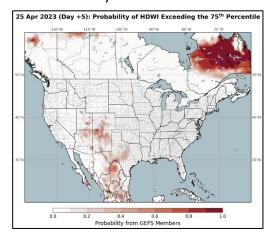
Monday > 75th Percentile



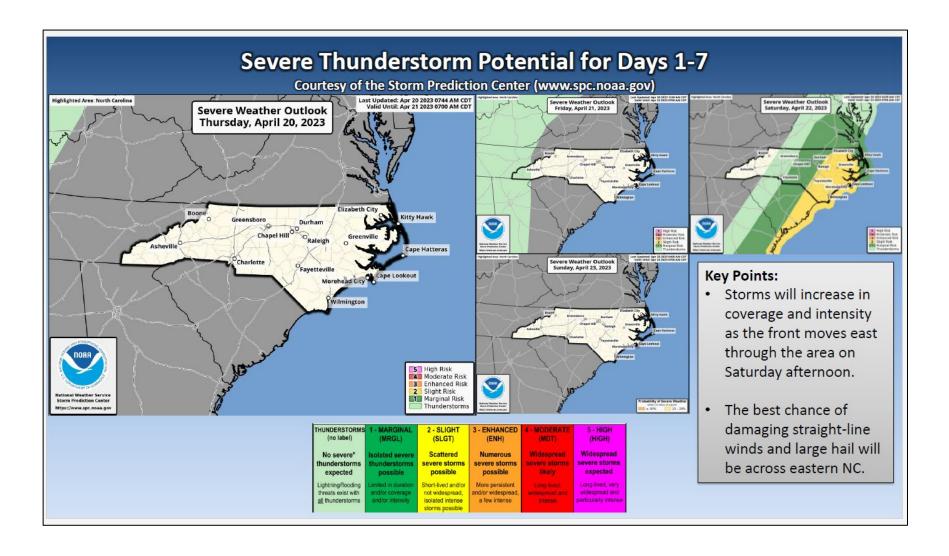
Saturday > 75th Percentile



Tuesday > 75th Percentile



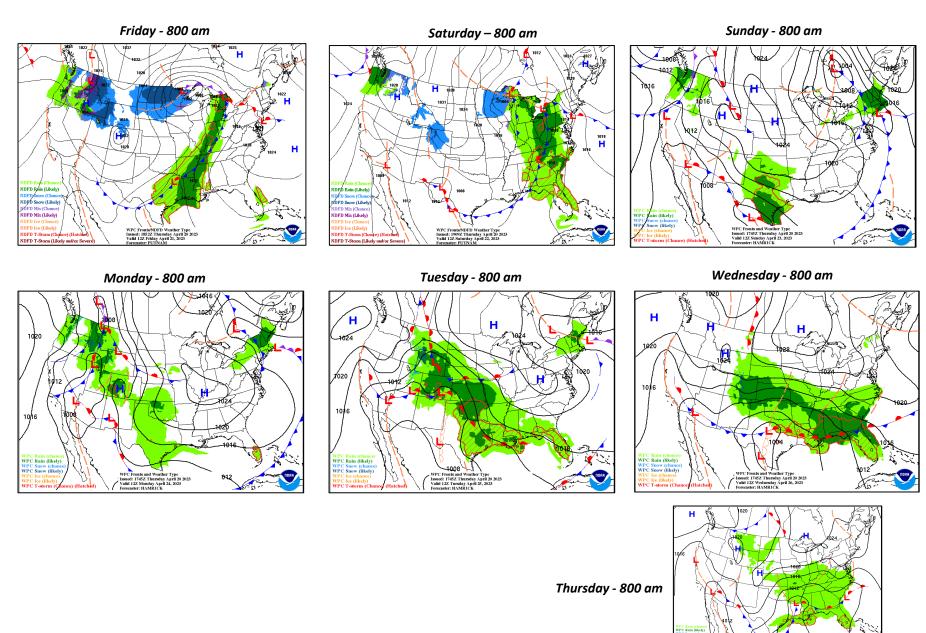
Severe Thunderstorm Potential for Days 1-7



NC DAQ Air Quality Forecast - Next Three Days

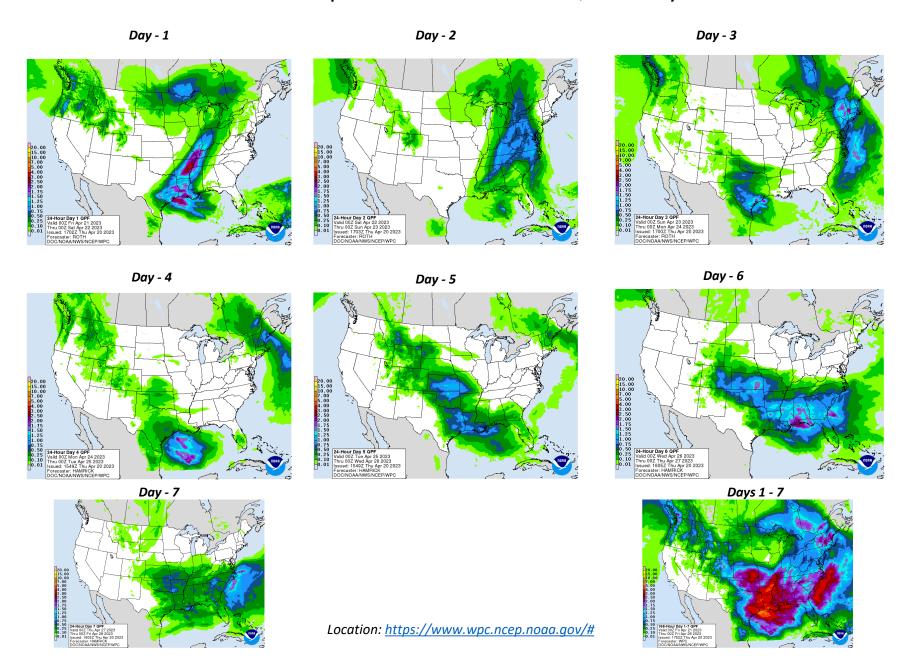
The North Carolina Division of Air Quality issues forecasts for fine particulate matter year-round and ozone from March through October. Forecasts and discussions are updated each afternoon for the next three days, and are sometimes updated in the morning to reflect the latest ambient conditions. ○ The afternoon forecast discussion from Apr 19, 2023 View: The latest forecast discussion Display This forecast was issued on Thursday, April 20, 2023 at 3:15 pm. This forecast is currently valid. Today's Air Quality Conditions Hourly ozone levels across much of the state are approaching or have reached the low Code Orange range this afternoon. Current daily average particle pollution levels are in the low to mid Code Yellow range across much of the state. For a display of the most recent Air Quality Index (AQI) conditions throughout the day, visit the Ambient Information Reporter (AIR) tool. General Forecast Discussion Tomorrow, the center of the H5 ridge that has plaqued the air quality the past several days will begin to shift east and offshore, pushing the surface ridge along with it. As alluded to in previous discussions, tomorrow will be a transition day. As such, it appears that the most significant concentrations of smoke- another major exacerbating factor in the widespread elevated ozone and particle pollution concentrations - should begin to disperse some, but not entirely. Additionally, winds begin to become more onshore (southeasterly) during the late afternoon which may assist in cleaning out the air shed some along the immediately southeastern coastal areas, but for areas for inland including CLT, this won't be of much consequence tomorrow. For the mountain ridge tops, overnight trajectories point to an air mass coming directly from the Atlanta corridor, which will likely carry significantly elevated ozone to this region and it is very likely the high elevations experience ozone levels in the low Code Orange range once again tonight, and we will be issuing a Code Orange AQA for this region. For lower elevations, considering all of the factors, it appears upper Code Yellow ozone concentrations may still occur in and downwind of the Charlotte and Raleigh areas and still mid to upperish Code Yellow elsewhere west of I-95, with slightly lower values east. Particle pollution levels will also likely remain elevated into the low to mid Code Yellow range once again. Outlook On Saturday on into Sunday, a cold front should sweep across the region behind the departing upper level trough and lower air quality levels back into the Code Green range across the state. Author: McLamb- NC Division of Air Quality Extended Air Quality Outlook The forecast Air Quality Index value for each pollutant represents the highest value expected within each county, so some areas and monitors may see lower values. We use the best information and techniques available to ensure the quality and accuracy of the forecasts we provide to the public. Note that ranges do not include the nine-county Triad region, which is covered by the Forsyth County Office of Environmental Assistance and Protection Forecast Day AQI Range Category Range Thursday (Apr 20) 90 to 101 Yellow to Orange Friday (Apr 21) 67 to 108 Yellow to Orange Saturday (Apr 22) 40 Green 40 Green Sunday (Apr 23)

WPC Forecasted Surface Fronts & Sea-Level Pressures



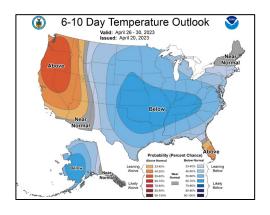
Location: https://www.wpc.ncep.noaa.gov/#

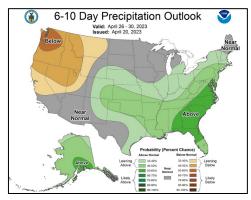
Quantitative Precipitation Forecast, 7-Day

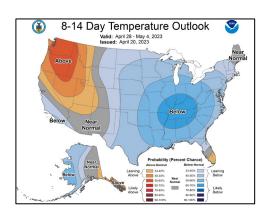


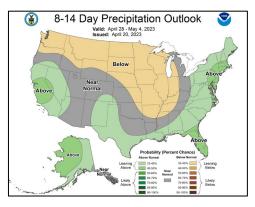
Temp & Precip Outlook

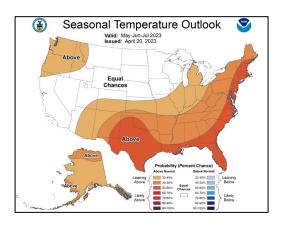
6-10 Day, 8-14 Day & Seasonal (May/June/July)

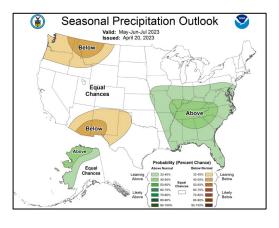








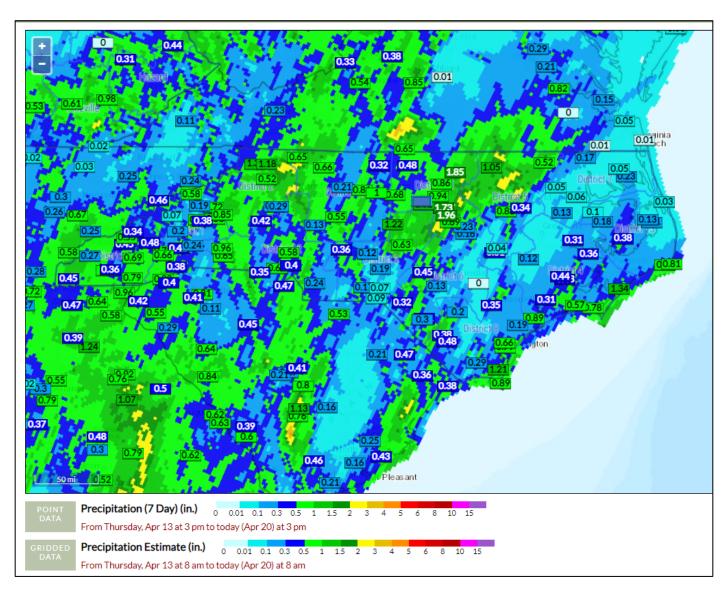




Source: https://www.cpc.ncep.noaa.gov/

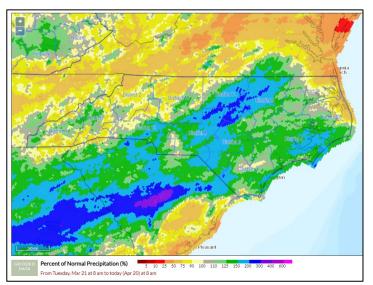
7 Day Precipitation Totals

FWIP (Point accumulation ending at 1500 on 4/20, Grid ending 0800 4/20)

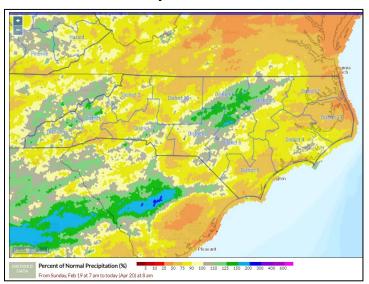


Percent of Normal Precip, FWIP (Ending 0800 4/20)

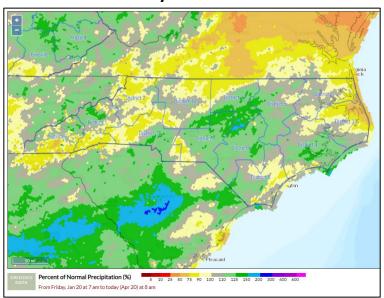
30-Day % of Normal



60-Day % of Normal

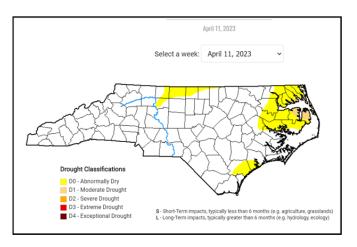


90-Day % of Normal

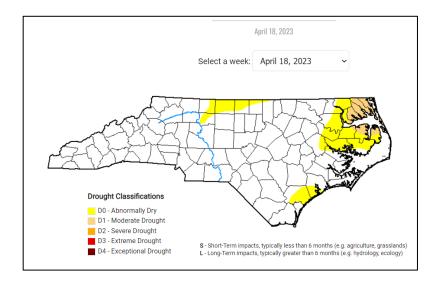


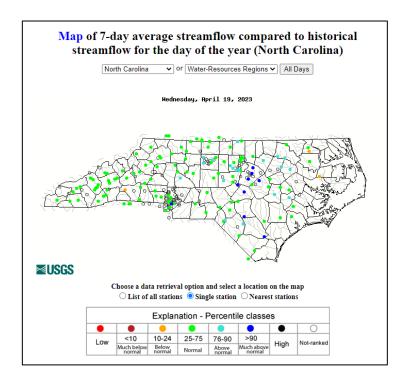
Drought Situation

Previous Week:



Current Week:



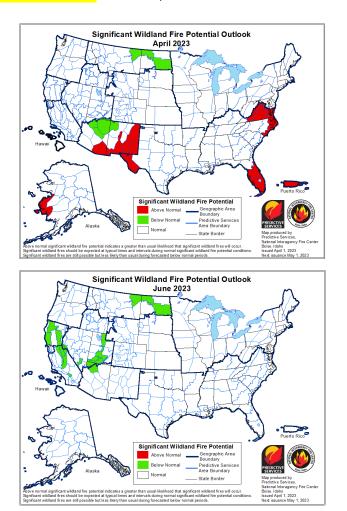


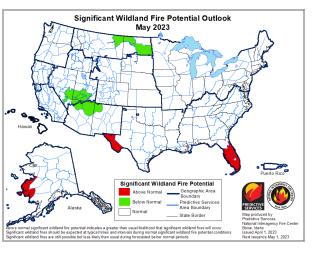
- D-0 Abnormally Dry Conditions Decreased (~11% of State)
- D-1 Moderate Drought in Several Counties. (~3% of State)
- 7-Day Stream flow averages have responded to rain influences; however, many swamp and flatwood sites continue to see water level decreases.

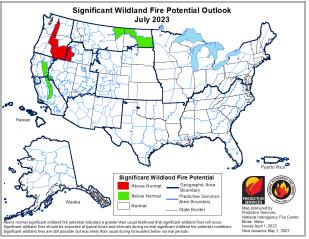
Sources: https://www.ncdrought.org/map-archives, https://waterwatch.usgs.gov/index.php?m=pa07d&r=nc&w=map

Significant Wildland Fire Potential Outlook:

Updated 4/1/23 – Next Update on 5/1/23







A significant fire is one that requires resources from outside the district (other than aviation). IA potential is based more on shorter term weather factors. Just a few days of dry weather can increase IA activity considerably as we have already seen this year.

ENSO Notes from the CPC (4/17/23 Update)

ONI (°C): Evolution

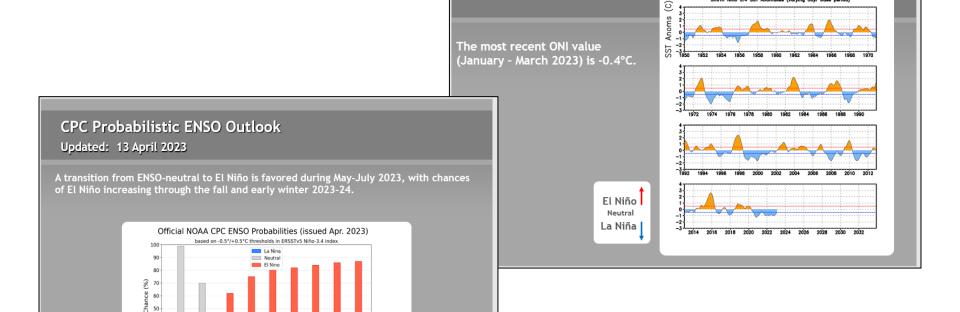
Oceanic Nino Index (ERSST.v5 ONI)

since 1950

ENSO Alert System Status: El Niño Watch

ENSO-neutral conditions are expected to continue through the Northern Hemisphere spring, followed by a 62% chance of El Niño

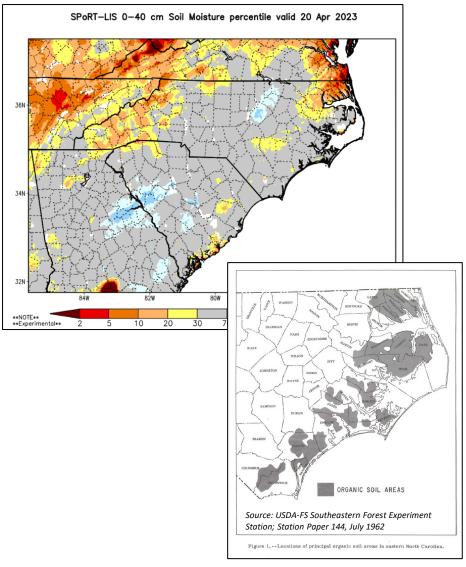
developing during May-July 2023.



Slide Source: https://www.cpc.ncep.noaa.gov/products/analysis monitoring/lanina/enso evolution-status-fcsts-web.ppt

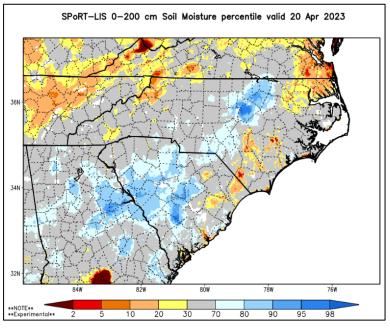
SPoRT Relative Soil Dryness

0-40 cm Depth



- Note both shallow and deep modeled drying conditions.
- Note alignment of organic soil areas with modeled low soil moisture percentiles.

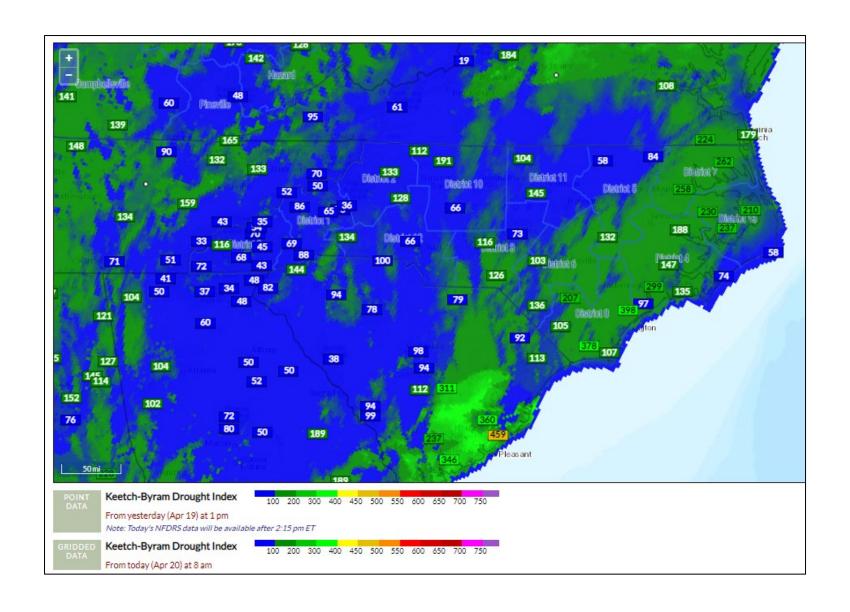
0-200 cm Depth



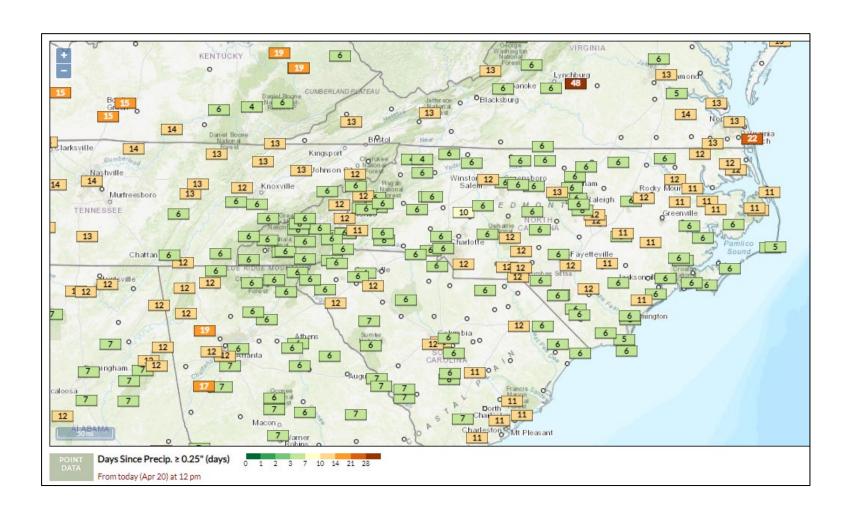
Source: https://weather.msfc.nasa.gov/sport/case_studies/lis_NC.html

KBDI - Gridded & Station Points

FWIP (Point calculation from 1300 on 4/19, Grid ending 0800 4/20)

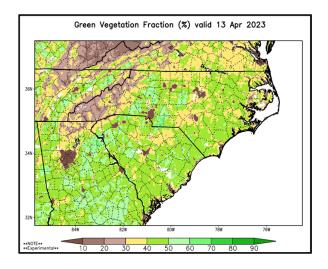


Days Since Daily Precip ≥ 0.25"



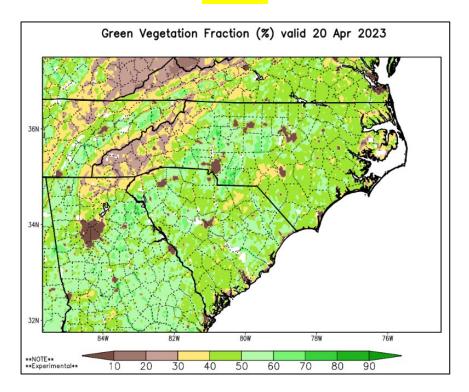
Green Fraction & Green-Up Anomaly

Last Week



- Green-Up processes continue, higher elevations still in leaf-out.
- General reminder that many live fuels, even when appearing "green" still lack full moisture content until completing spring regrowth processes. A couple examples being conifer needles and waxy leaf pocosin plants. Combining this live fuel condition with very dry dead fuels can create enhanced fire behavior.

Current



Link: https://weather.msfc.nasa.gov/cgi-bin/basicLooper.pl?category=lis NC&initialize=first®ex=gvf 20230228